# NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNICAL TEACHERS TRAINING & RESEARCH CHANDIGARH

(Deemed to be University under Distinct Category)

### SYLLABI FOR Ph.D. ENTRANCE TEST SCHEDULED ON 25-01-2025

#### **General Information:**

- The Ph.D. Entrance Test conducted by NITTTR Chandigarh will have a validity of 2 years i.e. up-to the admission for July 2026 session.
- The entrance test will consist of 50 Multi-Choice Questions (MCQs) and the duration of the test will be 1 hour. The test will comprise of 25 questions from the relevant discipline and the remaining 25 questions related to basics of research methodology.

#### **Syllabi for Entrance Test:**

- For engineering branches, the syllabus of the test will be that of the GATE-2025 for the corresponding branch.
- For Management, the syllabus of the entrance test will be that of Management (including Business Admn. Mgt./Marketing/ Marketing Mgt./Industrial Relations and Personnel Mgt./ Personnel Mgt./Financial Mgt./Co-operative Management), available on <a href="https://www.ugcnetonline.in/syllabus-new.php">https://www.ugcnetonline.in/syllabus-new.php</a>
- For Physics and Mathematics, the syllabus of the entrance test will be that of Physical Sciences and Mathematical Sciences respectively, available on <a href="https://csirhrdg.res.in/Home/Index/1/Default/2666/78">https://csirhrdg.res.in/Home/Index/1/Default/2666/78</a>
- For the departments of <u>Curriculum Development</u> and <u>Rural Development</u> the syllabi are given below:

# **DEPARTMENT OF CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT**

### • Curriculum Overview

- Concept of curriculum and syllabus
- Curriculum rationale by Ralph Tyler and Hilda Taba
- Stages of curriculum development process
- Models of curriculum development based on various approaches-Subject specialization, individual needs and social demand, their comparative strengths and weaknesses
- Schematic representation of various models
- Stakeholders of curriculum development, their perceptions and role

### Planning and Need Analysis

- Introduction
- Factors influencing curriculum decisions
- Need Analysis surveys
- Areas of employment
- Assessing current and future manpower needs and its forecast
- Tools for conducting need analysis- questionnaires, interviews and observations.

# Curriculum Design

- Concept of curriculum design
- Identification of objectives of curriculum
- Data sources for curriculum design students, subjects and society
- Characteristics of an ideal curriculum for technical education programme
- Various approaches in curriculum design-DACUMapproach and Delphi technique.
- Various modes of curriculum offering e.g. fixed and linear, flexible and sandwich.

# • Curriculum Implementation & Evaluation

- Factors influencing effective curriculum implementation
- Monitoring of curriculum implementation
- Guidelines for effective curriculum implementation
- Role of academic planning for effective implementation
- Networking with industry for curriculum implementation
- Concept of curriculum evaluation definition and purpose
- Curriculum evaluation approaches and models
- Decision facilitation model CIPP Model of curriculum evaluation, historical perspective, block diagram, purpose, aspects to be evaluated and respondents
- Planning and execution of curriculum evaluation including time frame

# • Curriculum Alignment

- National Skill Qualification Framework (NSQF)
- Outcome Based Education (OBE)
- National Education Policy (NEP)
- National Credit Framework (NCrF)
- All India Council for Technical Education (AICTE)

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# **DEPARTMENT OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT**

### **Rural Development**

Major Rural Development plans and programmes India adopted by government of India, Impact of Various schemes, Target Area Approach and Target Group Approach of Planning Commission, Major Schemes adopted by Government of India under five year plans and its impact, major schemes of Rural Development in last ten years, Micro Plan and Decentralised Planning, Participatory Approach of Rural Development, Panchayati Raj and its Impact, National Rural Livelihood Mission etc.

### Sustainable Agriculture Management

Positive and Negative impact of green revolution, Degradation of Soil, Imbalance of soil nutrients, Chemical Residues and Food Toxicity and ill impact on human and cattle health, Various techniques of organic farming and soil fertility enhancing techniques, Composting and application of biofertilisers, Bio pesticides, and bio-controls, Mixed and Multi-crops and its bio-diversity, Mixed Farming (Agriculture and livestock rearing), good agricultural practices, value addition, processing and marketing, Demands of herbal, organic and nutritious food products, promotion of herbal and medicinal plants cultivation, marketing of organic produce herbal and Ayurvedic products

# **Appropriate Technology**

Concept of Appropriate Technology, Purpose of Transfer of Technologies in Rural India, Local Demands based technological interventions, indigenous technologies, various low cost and sustainable technologies in the field of agriculture, housing, rural sanitation, waste water treatment, Phyto-remediation techniques, local and vernacular architecture, green building, water resources management, watershed management techniques, traditional storage and food processing techniques.

# **Sustainable Rural Development**

Measures towards achieving Sustainable Development Goals by adopting right techniques and technologies, Development of an integrated model of rural development where we can utilise the potential of green revolution, yellow revolution, white revolution and other revolutions including application of IT in agriculture in a natural way where we can eliminate the negative factors affecting land, water and environment. Technologies for sustainable development, clean and green technologies, Promotion of small businesses and agri industries in rural India, Promotion of circular and green economy

## **Empowerment of Weaker Sections:**

Major Schemes for the weaker sections i.e. SCs, STs, OBCs, PWDs, Minorities and Women, Socio-economic and cultural reasons of their backwardness, how to empower them through education, technical skills, vocational skills and helping them establishing rural or urban start-ups, self-help groups and micro credits system for the economic empowerment, impact of various schemes, New strategies for their up-liftment, Role of Technical and Vocational Education and Training (TVET), Role of Polytechnics and Engineering Colleges in Rural and Community Development, Reservation policies for PWDs, Schemes for Rural Artisans

# **Climate Change and Disaster Management:**

Climate change and the factors for climate change, greenhouse gases and its impact, north south dialogue, Conference of parties debating the Climate Issues in last ten years, Impact of Climate change in Agriculture, National Mission on Climate Mitigation, Carbon Credits in Good Agricultural Practices, Climate Smart Agricultural Practices and future planning, Basics of Disaster Management Cycles, manmade and natural hazards, Preparedness w r t various local natural hazards, technical measures and mitigation techniques in earthquake, flood, landslides, cyclone, drought and pandemic.

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**Dean – Academic & Students**